

# 土渠輸水損失計算法之探討 Determination of Seepage Loss from Ditches

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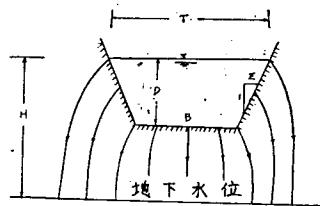
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### **Abstract**

In Taiwan many irrigational ditches convey water only for short periods of time. The seepage losses of these ditches are hard to evaluate analytically. An empirical equation,  $S = aL^b T^c$ , is usually used, in which S is the percentage of discharge lost in a canal of length L, T is the time of wetting, and a, b, c are empirical constants. Since this equation suffers from many drawbacks, a different equation,  $Q_s = Q_0 - Q = awLT^b \left( 1 - \frac{b}{\beta+1} \frac{t_L}{T} \right)$ , is proposed herein. In the equation,  $Q_s = Q_0 - Q$  is the discharge lost in a channel of length L; T is the time since water entered the intake; W is the channel width;  $t_L = \alpha L^\beta$  is the time required for water to advance a distance L; and a, b,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  are all coefficients to be determined experimentally. The proposed equation has a sounder theoretical basis and is believed to be more reliable and accurate than the previous equation.

## 一、前言

在利用土渠輸水時，吾人常需考慮由於滲透 (seepage) 所損失的水量。就經常有水之渠道而言，滲出渠道之水經土壤而流達地下水層 (ground water table)。這種滲透係在水份飽和的土壤中進行，其原動力為地心吸引力。在此種情形下，每單位長度渠道滲透量  $q$  ( $\text{cms}/\text{m}$ )，隨土壤之導水係數 (permeability)  $K$ ，渠道斷面形狀大小，水深，及地下水位高度等因子而變。在一些簡單的情況下， $q$  值可以從理論推出。用理論計算  $q$  時，通常須先解 Laplace equation (用flew net, conformal mapping, finite difference, 或其它方法) (註 1, 2)。例如傑普生氏 (R.W. Jeppson) 即曾於 1968 年 (註 3) 以 finite difference 法利用電子計算機計算了許多梯形斷面 (矩形與三角形斷面也包括在內，因皆為梯形之特例) 之滲透情形。如圖一所示， $T$  ( $\text{m}$ ) 為水面寬度， $B$  ( $\text{m}$ ) 為渠底寬， $Z$  為渠道兩岸之坡度， $D$  ( $\text{m}$ ) 為水深， $H$  ( $\text{m}$ ) 為水面至地下水位之距離。傑氏由其所算出之各種情況下之滲透量推得下



圖一 梯形斷面之滲透

例公式：

由於(1)式應用起來太麻煩，傑氏又將其製成圖表（見註3所例文献之第七圖）以便使用。當吾人使用此法推得 $q$ 值後，將 $q$ 乘渠長 $L$ ，即得該段渠道之漏水量 $Q_s$ (cms)若。但 $L$ 過長則，應分段求 $q$ ，然後由各段之 $Q_s$ 求全渠之總漏水量。

應用以上方法求滲透因須知道地下水位之高度及

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